



Two Day State Level Seminar on Elderly Issues

Organised by

**Amity Institute of Social Sciences, Amity University,
NOIDA**

in collaboration with

**National Institute of Social Defence
Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
Government of India**

on

October 17-18, 2024

Venue: E2 Seminar Hall, Amity University NOIDA

Introduction of the Two Day Workshop

India, home to a significant and growing elderly population, is experiencing a rapid increase in its senior citizen demographic. While the overall population has tripled in the past 50 years, the senior population has quadrupled, crossing 100 million by 2011 and expected to reach 300 million by 2050. This rise is driven by advances in medical science, better living standards, and overall national progress.

Senior citizens face numerous challenges. Financially, they often rely on family for economic security, which can strain family relationships, especially when they are unable to contribute financially. Physically, ageing brings health issues like arthritis, heart disease, and sensory decline, although many maintain good health into old age. Psychologically, seniors may struggle with cognitive decline but often gain emotional resilience and wisdom. Socially, they may experience shifts in roles, relationships, and social connections due to retirement or the loss of loved ones.

Despite these challenges, seniors contribute significantly to society through volunteering, mentorship, and community engagement. There is a growing need for solutions that improve the quality of life for India's elderly, addressing their financial, physical, psychological, and social well-being.

Conceptual clarification

The people can be regarded as elderly because of evident alterations in their social actions and duties after a certain age. The Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens Act, 2007 defines a

senior citizen as a person who has attained the age of sixty years or above. Moreover, The United Nations Organisation also recognises persons aged 60 years or more as senior citizens or elderly. People within the age bracket of 60 and 74 years are referred to as younger- old and those who are 75 years and above are referred to as old.

Aims and Objectives of the Two day workshop

- To understand the challenges faced by senior citizens in the socio-cultural context of India.
- To explore causes of challenges towards senior citizens in Indian society.
- To examine the Role of State in reference to challenges related to older people.

Name of the specific Target Group

- Faculty members/Research Scholars/Students-Total number of participants in the seminar were 174 number (Male-50, Female-124)

Day - 1: 17th October 2024 - Inaugural Session at 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 a.m.

Rapporteur – Ms. Preksha and Ms. Riya

The two-day state-level seminar on “Elderly Issues” was organised by the Amity Institute of Social Sciences in collaboration with the National Institute of Social Defence (Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment). The Conveners for the Conference, Prof (Dr) Shruti Singh, along with Dr.Avanish B. Patel, were there to welcome the Guests for the Conference.

The Welcome address was delivered by Prof (Dr) Shruti Singh where she introduced the dignitaries on the dais and spoke on the significance of the seminar in the contemporary times. She emphasised on the challenges faced by the elderly issues and how the two days seminar will explore on the various dimensions of elderly issues. Prof. (Dr.) Nirupama Prakash gave the opening remarks, highlighting the challenges faced by the elderly, including lack of elder-friendly healthcare and financial instability.

The Guest of Honor Ms. Anupama Dutta Head Media and advocacy of HelpAge INDIA emphasised the challenges of population ageing and the need for policies that recognize the elderly as a resource. Mr. Rajiv Jain (IPS) spoke about shifting from a welfare to a rights regime for the elderly, citing constitutional protections like Articles 14 and 21. Prof (Dr). Mala K. Shankardass delivered the keynote address “Ageing: Understanding its nuances & cultural perspectives on ageing” where she highlighted the "ageing tsunami" and called for inclusive policies that address the needs of ageing societies.

Prof. (Dr.) Balvinder Shukla, Vice Chancellor of Amity University, underscored the importance of such conferences in addressing the growing challenges faced by the elderly population. The event concluded with the release of the abstract book and a vote of thanks.



Day - 1: 17th October 2024 - Technical Session- I at 12:15 p.m. to 01:45 p.m.

Venue – E2 Seminar Hall

Theme: - Ageing Understanding it's Nuances and Perspectives

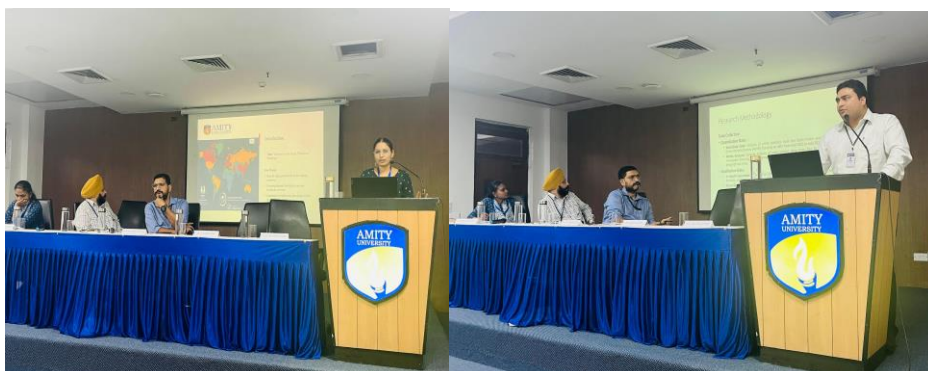
Session Chair - Dr. Pushparaj Singh, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Co-Chair – Dr. Ripu Daman Singh, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Session Coordinator– Dr. Meenakshi Gautam, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Rapporteur – Ms. Anamika Adhikari and Ms. Ishrita

The session started with a series of presentations by scholars from the Amity Institute of Social Sciences. Ananya Tripathi opened the session with an analysis of India's National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP), highlighting its benefits for the elderly population, particularly in terms of poverty, dependency, and disability. Parul followed with a discussion on the evolving role of married daughters in elderly care in India, referencing sociological theories and legal rights, as emphasised by Dr. Pushparaj Singh. Shweta addressed healthcare challenges for the elderly in developing countries, focusing on financial barriers, chronic diseases, and the role of NGOs and communities in mitigating these challenges. Soumya Khandelwal presented a sociological study on elder abuse in West Delhi, discussing law enforcement's role in addressing such cases. Debashree Liashram explored the influence of media and celebrity culture on societal views, while Richa Paul analysed the socio-economic factors affecting elderly well-being in Assam, using secondary government data. Gati Yadav discussed legal approaches to preventing elder abuse, reviewing government policies and their effectiveness in safeguarding the elderly. Harshita from IGNOU, New Delhi, presented on ageing across cultures, examining the differences in elder care traditions between Western and Eastern societies and the role of robotics in elderly care. Finally, Vivek Tripathi delved into the media's construction of elderly-related crime in Delhi, highlighting issues of media bias and law enforcement's prioritisation of certain urban demographics. The session concluded with remarks from Dr. Ripu Daman Singh, who praised the presenters for their contributions, and a special acknowledgement was given to Dr. Neetu Batra for her active role in engaging the presenters with insightful questions.





Day 1: 17 October, 2024 - PANEL DISCUSSION at 2:15- 03:45 PM

Venue: E2 Seminar Hall

Theme: Legal Rights of Elderly and User Friendly Technology

Session Coordinator: Dr Deepti Tripathi, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Panellists: Mr. Naveen Kumar Shelar, Advocate

Prof (Dr) Deepak Kumar, Punjab University, Patiala

Dr Avanish Bhai Patel, Dept. of Sociology, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Rapporteur - Ms Parul and Ms Soumya Khandelwal

Mr. Naveen Kumar Shelar began his presentation with a Sanskrit shloka from the Shanti Parva of the Mahabharata, emphasising the importance of respect and care for the elderly. He cited UNESCO data to shed light on the global and Indian conditions of the elderly population. He discussed the legal framework for senior citizens, covering constitutional rights, legal provisions, and government programs and policies. Mr. Shelar highlighted four key rights of the elderly: dignity, independence, well-being, and self-fulfilment, providing a detailed explanation of the relevant laws and legal provisions.

Prof. (Dr.) Deepak Kumar focused on the role of digital technology in society, noting that the digital revolution initially aimed to bridge disparities by connecting marginalised regions, classes, and castes. However, he argued that it has deepened the digital divide. He emphasised that access to technology remains unequal both in India and globally, and that acquiring the necessary skills to use technology is a significant challenge. His presentation, titled "Digital Divide and Elderly India," explored issues like satellite technology in remote areas, internet penetration, and access to digital tools and information. He emphasised the importance of digital skills and questioned whether technology truly benefits all users. Drawing from his research in Punjab, he highlighted the differences in how privileged individuals use technology for professional and political purposes, while those with limited access primarily use it for communication and entrepreneurship.

Prof. Kumar also referenced the Annual ASER Report, which showed a 75% increase in smartphone usage. He shared findings from a case study that indicated elderly people are increasingly using mobile phones as essential services, like healthcare, move online. He pointed out the financial challenges elderly individuals face in accessing technology, particularly with ATMs, online platforms, and OTPs, which many find risky and difficult to manage. Prof. Kumar noted that the elderly often feel overwhelmed by the numerous steps required for online help, and in many cases, are dependent on their children for assistance. In the Punjab region, food choices have become more individualistic, and mealtimes are irregular. He observed that while smartphones have become ubiquitous, face-to-face interactions with elderly family members are decreasing, as many prefer virtual communication over in-person visits.

Dr. Avanish Bhai Patel addressed the socio-cultural factors contributing to the victimisation of the elderly in his talk on "Victimisation of Aged Indian People in Later Life." He cited NCRB data on elderly abuse in India and referenced the UN's definition of older adults, distinguishing between the younger elderly (ages 62-74) and the older elderly (ages 75 and above). Dr. Patel discussed the causes of elder abuse and victimisation, including changes in social structures, weakened emotional bonds with children, shifts in societal values, and the rise of individualism.





Day-1: 17th October, 2024- Panel Discussion at 4:00 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.

Venue: E2 Seminar Hall

Theme: Health and Wellness Activities and Demonstration

Panel Members: Dr. Madhu Mary Minz, Dr. Meenu Tyagi and Prof. (Dr.) Shruti Singh

Session Coordinator: Dr. Aastha Mishra, Dept. of Philosophy, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Rapporteur- Ms Ananya Tripathi

During the presentation Dr. Madhu Mary Minz, Senior Consultant at Medanta The Medicity, Gurgaon discussed the multiple health problems faced by the elderly in India. She advised the listeners to not consider ageing as a disease, rather a process. Dr. Madhu further defined ageing and how major demographic shifts are reshaping the social, economic as well as political aspects of India. She then mentioned the latest statistical data in context with ageing. Major issue with ageing is that with ageing, chronic illness increases in elderly which is difficult to detect. She then explained how most symptoms of ageing are evident from hormonal and nervous system changes. Dr. Madhu then talked about Frailty i.e. the last stage of ageing. She also discussed terminologies like Polypharmacy, Delirium, Unstable gait, Anorexia, etc. She then discussed a government study on ageing that talked about prevalence of chronic health issues in elderly. Effects of ageing on the cardiovascular system, muscular system and nervous system were an important part of the discussion. Sleeping disorder is a common problem among elderly. She talked about the steps to be taken to improve the mental health function of elderly. She also discussed primary, secondary and tertiary prevention of diseases among the elderly. What matters- Mobility, Mentation, Medication, Multi Complexity. She concluded with how health literacy can help with health issues among the elderly.

During the presentation Dr. Meenu Tyagi, Consultant Geriatrician at Kriti Eldercare, Gurgaon started the discussion with Ageing and its nuances. She talked about various tests and assessments to analyse the cognitive state of an elderly. She then discussed the concepts like dementia, frailty, falls in elderly, depression in elderly, Geriatric Depression Scale, Technology intervention for the elderly, significance of mobile aids for the elderly. She further emphasised on how the future of healthcare is highly digital and discussed the role that artificial intelligence plays in the healthcare system. Social engagement and community relations are very important for the health and well-being of older adults. Caregiving of

elderly is necessary but at the same time acts as a stressors of caregiving. Dr. Madhu also suggested ways we can help caregivers. She further discussed concerns regarding elder abuse. Risk factors associated with the elderly. Several demonstrations of activities for the elderly were also shown in the presentation. Dr. Shruti Singh spoke about the importance of overall health and wellness amongst elderlies and the role of elderly as a storehouse of wisdom and experience.



Day-2: 18th October, 2024- Technical Session- II at 10:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.

Venue: E2 Seminar Hall

Theme: Ageing and Navigating Retirement

Session Chair: Dr. Prashant Rakesh Chauhan, Dept. of Social Work, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Session Coordinator: Dr. Bhargavi

Rapporteur- Ms Ananya Tripathi and Mr Sachin

The technical session started with Dr. Prashant addressing the session. He emphasised on the importance of the seminar topic and how it holds an importance in the current world scenario and how it will create a landmark for future research projects. The first presenter Preksha Dubey talked about the importance of health and wellness among elderly people and how the unique health challenges faced by the elderly can be tackled. The next presenter Anamika Adhikari threw light on how shifts in family structure have increased the caregiving burden on older women in modern families in India. She also discussed the gendered nature of the caregiving roles in India. Her presentation ended with the suggestions to the younger generation on how to balance their work life and help with the caregiving duties at home. Dr. Aparna Srivastava presented on protection of rights of the elderly and the role of NHRC. She talked about elders across various sectors such as organised and unorganised sectors. She significantly mentioned the elderly widow women and gave the example of women in Vrindavan. She then talked about how NHRC plays an important role in protecting and improving the rights of the elderly. Rakshita presented on how urban migration is leading to an empty nest syndrome which arises when the last child moves (out of the family) to another city for work, settlement or further studies leaving a void in the house. The next presenter, Rahul Singh talked about the relevance of technology in improving daily life of the elderly. He used the Diffusion of Innovation Theory to explain his topic. He also talked about the challenges of technology for the elderly and further suggested the recommendations to overcome the challenges. Ishrita Duarah emphasised on the topic modernity and elderly abuse. She discussed the role of urbanisation, high digital illiteracy of the elderly, etc. as a leading cause of abuse, physical as well as mental, against the elderly. The presenter Jaspreet Singh emphasised on the relevance of Self Help Groups in empowering rural women in Karnal district of Haryana. Impact of SHG beyond encompassing improved social status and emotional well-being was an important key takeaway of the presentation.



Day - 2: 18th October 2024, 12:00 - 01:30 PM, PANEL DISCUSSION

Venue – E2 Seminar Hall

Theme- Social Engagement and Community Relations

PANEL: Dr. Sheetal Sharma, Center for European Studies, School of International Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University.

Prof. (Dr) Preetha G.S, Professor & Dean Research IIHMR.

Prof. (Dr) Shruti Singh, Dept. Of Sociology, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Session coordinator- Dr. Meenakshi Gautam, Dept. of Sociology, Amity Institute of Social Sciences

Rapporteur: Ms. Preksha Dubey

The two-day state-level Seminar on Elderly Issues resumes for the second session on day two after tea. Dr Meenakshi Gautam introduced the panellists one by one. Prof (Dr) Shruti Singh felicitates Prof (Dr) Preetha G S and Dr Avanish Bhai Patel felicitates Prof (Dr) Sheetal Sharma. Dr Meenakshi Gautam then invites Prof (Dr) Preetha G S to speak. She spoke on Social Engagement and community relations for the health and wellness of elderly people. She said that the ageing pace is increasing and according to data, in 2020 the population of elders were greater than children of aged less than five years not only in developed countries but also in developing ones. National Health Programme was launched in year 2008 for elders but still a lot of work to do to meet the targets. She then pinpoints the number of health

issues faced by elderly people which includes chronic heart diseases, Diabetes mellitus, Depression, etc. According to the WHO report problems related to aging are inevitable so it is important to help elders so that they can adjust to these problems. Then she talks about the Functional ability which is the ability of people to do something on their own that they value like, to meet their basic needs, to be mobile, and to contribute to society. It is important to give them integrated care which includes, long-term care, rehabilitation, and community engagement which is the most important and key player while dealing with healthy aging. Social engagement is required for elders to remain connected with the community so that they do not feel isolated. It leads to better physical activity and lessening sleep patterns. But in developed countries like the USA and China studies say that social engagement leads to habits like smoking too. She then talks about the Grant-Glueck study which is a longitudinal study held in Harvard University. Grant's study describes healthy aging. It deduced that the key to healthy aging is 'RELATIONSHIP'. A strong relationship is the strongest predictor of life satisfaction. Experience Corps program launched in the USA in 1996 to help disadvantaged school children, It was seen that it helps not only the children but also the teachers and also the older people who were recruited. Lastly, she concluded that Social Engagement is very important and a must for elderly people for their survival, and more resources should be invested to meet the targets. Dr Mennakshi Gautam thanks Prof (Dr) Preetha for her presentation.

She invites Dr Sheetal Sharma to speak. She starts the discussion by defining 'Aging as Socially Constructed'. She said that people are made to feel unproductive by society by their age and media plays a crucial role in it. All the product advertisements are designed according to age and make us believe to behave according to it. So aging is socially constructed which is creating more gaps between the people. Life expectancy in Europe was 25 in the Dark Ages, which has improved significantly today. The reason is that they are investing more in their health and well-being rather than in guarding social relations. So, to do the same in our country we need to change the narrative firstly at the individual and family level. Secondly at the societal level where we have to invest in health and education and lastly at the national level, we have to create an environment conducive to people's health. She concluded her speech by saying that young people can bridge the gap between the ages created by the media. The panel takes questions from the audience and finally, Dr Meenakshi Gautam summarises and concluded the session and this marks the lunch.





Day 2: 18 October, 2024 TECHNICAL SESSION- 02:00- 03:30 PM

Venue: E2 Seminar Hall

Theme: Caregiving and Support of Family Members

**Session Chair - Prof (Dr) Roumi Deb, HOD, Department of Anthropology, Amity
Institute of Social Sciences, AUUP, Noida**

**Session Coordinator – Dr Anna Nath Ganguly, Dept. of Political Science, Amity
Institute of Social Sciences**

Rapporteur - Ms Parul and Ms Deher Mir

Dr. Neetu Batra's presentation focused on care homes in Lucknow, analysing the interplay of gender, age, and socioeconomic status. Her research addressed key issues such as patriarchy and traditional gender roles, demonstrating how these factors collectively shape the experiences of elderly individuals in care homes.

Mr. Arnav Bansal discussed the India Post Payment Bank, which was launched in 2018 to drive digital financial inclusion. He highlighted its door-to-door services, including biometric scanning and face recognition, and the challenges faced in raising awareness about these

services, particularly regarding land issues and the cost of delivery. He noted that mail carriers play a key role in promoting the service, and a lite version of the app was introduced to address connectivity issues.

Dr. Bidisha Banerji and Mr. Vivek Singh examined the effects of widowhood on loneliness in elderly women, using Social Support Theory and Attachment Theory to show how emotional support can enhance their well-being.

Ms. Sylvia Khaidem presented a comparative study on family versus institutional support for the elderly in Manipur, finding that factors like illiteracy, family hardships, and early life experiences exacerbate the need for institutional assistance.

Ms. Harshita Yadav explored the impact of intergenerational interactions on the emotional well-being of senior citizens, showing how these interactions help reduce isolation, foster a sense of purpose, and promote emotional stability in later life.

Dr. Aastha Mishra discussed ageing through the lens of Buddhism, focusing on the concept of Dharma, which emphasises the dignity and duty of care in old age. She referenced the Gero-Transcendence Theory, which encourages a shift from modern to traditional values, and from rights to responsibilities, in the care of the elderly.

Bhawana Sanwal explored the issue of slut-shaming among older women in India, examining how cultural, social, and media influences perpetuate this subtle form of social exclusion and moral judgement. Her research highlighted the intersection of caste, class, and religion, and the self-blame cycle that often arises as women internalise negative perceptions of their desires and intimacy.

The session concluded with a summary from the chairperson, following eight presentations from scholars representing Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, IILM University, Giri Institute of Development Studies, and Amity University.



Day - 2: 18th October 2024 - Valedictory Session at 04:00 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.

Rapporteur – Ms. Anamika Adhikari and Ms. Ishrita

The valedictory session of the seminar commenced with Dr. Shruti Singh, the convener, warmly welcoming the attendees. She introduced the dignitaries, including Director Professor Dr. Nirupama Prakash, Head of Institution at the Amity Institute of Social Sciences, and the Guest of Honor, Dr. Shweta Prasad from Banaras Hindu University (BHU). Dr. Shruti Singh the convenor of this seminar requested Dr. Nirupama Prakash felicitated the Guest of Honor, Shweta Prasad and then she invited Dr. Avneesh Bhai Patel, co-convener of the seminar, to felicitate Dr. Nirupama Prakash as a token of appreciation for her leadership and contributions.

Dr. Nirupama Prakash was then invited to give the welcome address and formally introduce the end of the session. In her address, Dr. Prakash expressed her gratitude to the organising committee members, faculty, and attendees. She emphasised the growing concerns related to mental health and life expectancy, and she highlighted the importance of improving the well-being of the elderly. She concluded her address by extending best wishes to all participants for their future endeavours. Following her address, Dr. Shruti Singh thanked Dr. Prakash, invited her and the Guest of Honor to present certificates of appreciation to the paper presenters.

After the distribution of certificates, Dr. Shruti Singh provided a brief seminar report, summarising the theme and the topics discussed by various presenters throughout the event. The Guest of Honor, Dr. Shweta Prasad, was then invited to deliver the special address by Dr. Shruti Singh the convenor. Dr. Shweta Prasad addressed several key issues, including digital literacy, the “emptiness syndrome,” and the gender dimensions of ageing. The session ended with Dr. Avneesh Bhai Patel delivered the vote of thanks, acknowledging the efforts of the organising team, faculty members, students and the research scholars. The seminar concluded successfully.



MEDIA COVERAGE

एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी नोएडा में बुजुर्गों के मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय सेमिनार का आयोजन किया



फ्यूचर लाइन टाईम्स संवाददाता नोएडा। एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी नोएडा में बुजुर्गों के मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय सेमिनार का आयोजन किया जाएगा। इस सेमिनार का आयोजन एमिटी इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ सोशल साइंसेज, एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी नोएडा द्वारा राष्ट्रीय सामाजिक रक्षा संस्थान, सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार के सहयोग से किया गया है। दोनों दिनों में पैनल चर्चा में कई विषयों पर चर्चा की गई। "भारत में वृद्ध व्यक्तियों पर राष्ट्रीय और राज्य नीतियाँ", "बुढ़ापा: इसके महत्व को समझना" "बुढ़ापे पर बारीकियाँ और सांस्कृतिक दृष्टिकोण" "बुजुर्गों के कानूनी अधिकार और उपयोगकर्ता

के अनुकूल प्रौद्योगिकी," "सामाजिक जुड़ाव और सामुदायिक संबंध," और "देखभाल और परिवार के सदस्यों का सहयोग।" उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य के शोध विद्वान अपने शोध पत्र प्रस्तुत किये। सेमिनार से शोध पत्रों और मुख्य अंतर्दृष्टि का एक संकलन जारी किया गया, जो भविष्य के संदर्भ और नीति निर्माण के लिए बहुमूल्य जानकारी प्रदान करता है। सेमिनार का उद्देश्य बुजुर्गों से जुड़े प्रमुख मुद्दों पर विचार करने के लिए नीति निर्माताओं, शोधकर्ताओं, स्वास्थ्य पेशेवरों, सामाजिक कार्यकर्ताओं, गैर-सरकारी संगठनों और अन्य हितधारकों को एक साथ लाना था, जिसे सफलतापूर्वक पूरा किया गया।

- **एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी नोएडा में बुजुर्गों के मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय सेमिनार का आयोजन किया।**

“नोएडा।एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी नोएडा में बुजुर्गों के मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय सेमिनार का आयोजन किया जाएगा। इस सेमिनार का आयोजन एमिटी इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ सोशल साइंसेज, एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी नोएडा द्वारा राष्ट्रीय सामाजिक रक्षा संस्थान, सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार के सहयोग से किया गया है।दोनों दिनों में पैनल चर्चा में कई विषयों पर चर्चा की गई।”भारत में वृद्ध व्यक्तियों पर राष्ट्रीय और राज्य नीतियां”, “बुढ़ापा: इसके महत्व को समझना”बुढ़ापे पर बारीकियां और सांस्कृतिक दृष्टिकोण” “बुजुर्गों के कानूनी अधिकार और उपयोगकर्ता के अनुकूल प्रौद्योगिकी,” “सामाजिक जुड़ाव और सामुदायिक संबंध,” और “देखभाल और परिवार के सदस्यों का सहयोग।” उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य के शोध विद्वान अपने शोध पत्र प्रस्तुत किये।सेमिनार से शोध पत्रों और मुख्य अंतर्दृष्टि का एक संकलन जारी किया गया, जो भविष्य के संदर्भ और नीति निर्माण के लिए बहुमूल्य जानकारी प्रदान करता है। सेमिनार का उद्देश्य बुजुर्गों से जुड़े प्रमुख मुद्दों पर विचार करने के लिए नीति निर्माताओं, शोधकर्ताओं, स्वास्थ्य पेशेवरों, सामाजिक कार्यकर्ताओं, गैर-सरकारी संगठनों और अन्य हितधारकों को एक साथ लाना था, जिसे सफलतापूर्वक पूरा किया गया।”

- **बुजुर्गों के मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय सेमीनार का आयोजन, कई विषयों पर प्रस्तुत किए गए शोध पत्र (Two-day state level seminar organized on issues of elderly, research papers presented on various subjects)**

Panchayat 24 : नोएडा स्थित एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी में बुजुर्गों के मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय सेमीनार का आयोजन किया गया। सेमीनार में बुजुर्गों से जुड़े कई विषयों पर चर्चा की गई। सेमीनार में शोधार्थियों ने अपने शोध पत्र प्रस्तुत किए। इनके माध्यम से बुजुर्गों से जुड़ी स्थिति पर प्रकाश डाला। पूरी दुनिया में बुजुर्गों की वर्तमान दशा के लिए कई कारणों के बारे में बताया गया। वहीं, हालात में सुधार के लिए कई सुझाव भी दिए गए। विषय विशेषज्ञों की चर्चा एवं परिचर्चा में सेमीनार का उद्देश्य भी सफलतापूर्वक पूरा हुआ।

इस दो दिवसीय सेमीनार का आयोजन बीते 17 एवं 18 अक्टूबर को एमिटी यूनिवर्सिटी के ई-2 सेमीनार हॉल में हुआ। सेमिनार का आयोजन एमिटी इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ सोशल साइंसेज, नेशनल इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ सोशल डिफेंस, सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय भारत सरकार के सहयोग से किया गया।

सेमीनार में इन विषयों पर हुई चर्चा

पैनल चर्चा में दोनों दिनों में कई विषयों पर चर्चा की गई। इनमें जिनमें “भारत में वृद्ध व्यक्तियों पर राष्ट्रीय और राज्य नीतियां”, “उम्र बढ़ने: उम्र बढ़ने पर इसकी बारीकियों और सांस्कृतिक परिप्रेक्ष्य को समझना” “बुजुर्गों के कानूनी अधिकार और उपयोगकर्ता-अनुकूल प्रौद्योगिकी,” शामिल थे। सामाजिक जुड़ाव और सामुदायिक संबंध,” और “परिवार के सदस्यों की देखभाल और समर्थन।” उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य के शोधार्थियों ने अपने शोध पत्र प्रस्तुत किये। सेमीनार से प्राप्त शोध पत्रों के सार और मुख्य अंतर्दृष्टि का एक संकलन जारी किया गया, जो भविष्य के संदर्भ और नीति निर्माण के लिए बहुमूल्य जानकारी प्रदान करता है।



- एमिटी में दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय संगोष्ठी संपन्न : वृद्धजनों की समस्याओं पर की चर्चा, शोधार्थियों ने प्रस्तुत किए शोध पत्र

Noida News : एमिटी विश्वविद्यालय नोएडा में वृद्धजन मुद्दों पर दो दिवसीय राज्य स्तरीय संगोष्ठी का आयोजन किया गया। यह कार्यक्रम 17-18 अक्टूबर, 2024 को ई2 सेमिनार हॉल में संपन्न हुआ। इस संगोष्ठी का आयोजन एमिटी इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ सोशल साइंसेज द्वारा राष्ट्रीय सामाजिक रक्षा संस्थान, सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार के सहयोग से किया गया। इस दो दिवसीय कार्यक्रम में विभिन्न विषयों पर चर्चा की गई, जिनमें 'भारत में वृद्धजनों पर राष्ट्रीय और राज्य नीतियां', 'बुढ़ापा: इसकी बारीकियों और सांस्कृतिक परिप्रेक्ष्य को समझना', 'वृद्धजनों के कानूनी अधिकार और उपयोगकर्ता-अनुकूल तकनीक', 'सामाजिक जुड़ाव और सामुदायिक संबंध', तथा 'परिवार के सदस्यों की देखभाल और समर्थन' शामिल थे।